



**FILED**

09/03/19  
08:00 AM

**A1909001**

## **EXHIBIT G**

### **SCOPING MEMO**

## SCOPING MEMO INFORMATION FOR APPLICATIONS

### **A. Category (Check the category that is most appropriate)**

☐ **Adjudicatory** - “Adjudicatory” proceedings are: (1) enforcement investigations into possible violations of any provision of statutory law or order or rule of the Commission; and (2) complaints against regulated entities, including those complaints that challenge the accuracy of a bill, but excluding those complaints that challenge the reasonableness of rates or charges, past, present, or future, such as formal rough crossing complaints (maximum 12 month process if hearings are required).

☒ **Ratesetting** - “Ratesetting” proceedings are proceedings in which the Commission sets or investigates rates for a specifically named utility (or utilities), or establishes a mechanism that in turn sets the rates for a specifically named utility (or utilities). “Ratesetting” proceedings include complaints that challenge the reasonableness of rates or charges, past, present, or future. Other proceedings may also be categorized as ratesetting when they do not clearly fit into one category, such as **railroad crossing applications** (maximum 18 month process if hearings are required).

☐ **Quasi-legislative** - “Quasi-legislative” proceedings are proceedings that establish policy or rules (including generic ratemaking policy or rules) affecting a class of regulated entities, including those proceedings in which the Commission investigates rates or practices for an entire regulated industry or class of entities within the industry.

### **B. Are hearings necessary?**

☐ Yes

☒ No

If yes, identify the material disputed factual issues on which hearings should be held, and the general nature of the evidence to be introduced. Railroad crossing applications which are not controversial usually do not require hearings.

Public hearings are not anticipated as being necessary.

Are public witness hearings necessary?

☐ Yes

☒ No

Public witness hearings are set up for the purpose of getting input from the general public and any entity that will not be a party to the proceeding. Such input usually involves presenting written or oral statements to the presiding officer, not sworn testimony. Public witness statements are not subject to cross-examination.

C. **Issues** - List here the specific issues that need to be addressed in the proceeding.  
None

D. **Schedule (Even if you checked “No” in B above)** Should the Commission decide to hold hearings, indicate here the proposed schedule for completing the proceeding within 12 months (if categorized as adjudicatory) or 18 months (if categorized as ratesetting or quasi-legislative).

The schedule should include proposed dates for the following events as needed:

30 days Protest Period – September 2019  
4 months Proposed Decision – December 2019  
6 months Final Decision – February 2020

**IF HEARING UNEXPECTEDLY BECOMES NECESSARY:**

6 months Prehearing conference – February 2020  
9 months Hearings – May 2020  
12 months Briefs due – August 2020  
13 months Submission – September 2020  
16 months Proposed decision (90 days after submission) – December 2020  
18 months Final decision (60 days after proposed decision is mailed) – February 2021